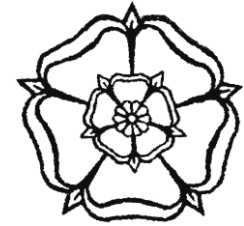




Thornton-in-Craven Community Primary and Nursery School

Cam Lane, Thornton-in-Craven, North Yorkshire, BD23 3SX



Science Key Learning/Skills progression

Skill:	Nursery	Reception	KS1	Lower KS2	Upper KS2
Working Scientifically	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use a wider range of vocabulary C&L Understand why questions C&L Talk about what they see using a wide vocabulary UTW Explore how things work UTW 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Learn new vocabulary C&L Use new vocabulary throughout the day C&L Ask questions to find out more and to check they understand what has been said to them C&L Use new vocabulary in different contexts C&L Engage in non-fiction books C&L Listen to and talk about selected non-fiction to develop a deep familiarity with 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> I can ask simple questions and recognise that they can be answered in different ways I can observe closely, using simple equipment I can perform simple tests I can identify and classify a variety of objects I can use my observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions I can gather and record data to help me to answer questions 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> I can ask relevant questions and use different types of scientific enquiry to answer them I can set up practical enquiries, comparative and fair tests I can make systematic and careful observations, and, where appropriate, take accurate measurements in standard units using a range of equipment, including thermometers and data loggers I can gather, record, classify and present data in a variety of ways to help answer questions I can record findings using simple scientific language, drawings, labelled diagrams, keys, bar charts and tables I can use results to draw simple conclusions, make predictions for new values, suggest improvements and raise further questions I can report on findings from enquiries, including oral and written explanations, displays or presentations of results and conclusions I can identify differences, similarities or changes related to simple scientific ideas and processes 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> I can plan different types of scientific enquiries to answer questions, including recognising and controlling variables where necessary I can take measurements, using scientific equipment, with increasing accuracy and precision, taking repeat readings when appropriate I can record data and results of increasing complexity using scientific diagrams and labels, classification keys, tables, scatter graphs line and bar graphs I can use test results to make predictions to set up further comparative and fair tests I can report and present findings from enquiries, including conclusions, casual relationships and explanations of and degree of trust in results, in oral and written forms such as displays and other presentations

		<p>new knowledge and vocabulary C&L</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Make comments about what they have heard and ask questions to clarify their understanding ELG		<ul style="list-style-type: none">• I can use straightforward scientific evidence to answer questions or to support my findings	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• I can identify scientific evidence that has been used to support or refute ideas or arguments
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Animals Including Humans	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Make healthy choices about food, drink, activity and toothbrushing PSED 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Manage their own needs and personal hygiene PSED • Know and talk about the different factors that support their overall health and wellbeing PSED • Explore the natural world around them UTW • Describe what they see hear and feel when outside UTW • Explore the natural world around them, making observations and drawing pictures of animals and plants ELG • Manage their own basic hygiene and personal needs, including dressing, going to the toilet and understanding the importance 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • I can identify and name a variety of common British animals that are birds, fish, amphibians, reptiles, mammals and invertebrates • I can identify and name a variety of common animals that are carnivores, herbivores and omnivores • I can describe and compare the structure of a variety of common animals (birds, fish, amphibians, reptiles, mammals and 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • I know that animals, including humans, have offspring which grow into adults • I can describe the basic needs of animals, including humans, for survival • I can describe the importance for humans of exercise, eating the right amounts of different types of food and hygiene 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • I can identify that animals, including humans, need the right types of nutrition, and they cannot make their own food; they get nutrition from what they eat • I can identify that humans and some animals have skeletons and muscles for support, protection and movement 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • I can describe the simple functions of the basic parts of the digestive system in humans • I can identify the different types of teeth in humans and describe their simple functions • I can construct and interpret a variety of food chains, identifying producers, predators and prey 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • I can describe the changes as humans develop from birth to old age in detail 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • I can identify and name the main parts of the human circulatory system and describe the functions of the heart, blood vessels and blood • I can recognise the impact of diet, exercise, drugs and lifestyle on the way their bodies function • I can describe the ways in which nutrients and water are transported within animals, including humans
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		<p>of healthy food choices ELG</p>	<p>invertebrates, including pets)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> I can identify, name, draw and label the basic parts of the human body and say which part of the body is associated with each sense 					
<p>Living Things and Their Habitats</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Understand the key features of the life cycle of an animal UTW Begin to understand the need to respect and care for the natural environment and all living things UTW 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Know some similarities and differences between the natural world around them and contrasting environments, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> I can explore and compare the differences between things that are living, dead and things that have never been alive I can identify that most living things live in 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> I can recognise that living things can be grouped in a variety of ways I can explore and use classification keys to help group, identify and name a variety of living things in the local and wider environment 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> I can describe the differences in the life cycles of a mammal, an amphibian, an insect and a bird I can describe the life process of reproduction in some plants and animals 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> I can describe how living are classified into broad groups according to common observable characteristics and based on similarities and differences, including micro-organisms, plants and animals

		ELG		<p>habitats to which they are suited and describe how different habitats provide for the basic needs of different kinds of animals and plants, and how they depend on each other</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• I can identify and name a variety of plants and animals in their habitats, including micro - habitats• I can describe how animals obtain their food		<ul style="list-style-type: none">• I can recognise that environments can change and that this can sometimes pose dangers to living things		<ul style="list-style-type: none">• I can give reasons for classifying plants and animals based on specific characteristics
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				from plants and other animals, using the idea of a simple food chain, and identify and name different sources of food				
Plants	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Plant seeds and care for growing plants UTW Understand the key features of the life cycle of a plant UTW Begin to understand and respect and care for the natural environment and all living things UTW Talk about what they see using a wide vocabulary UTW 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Explore the natural world around them UTW Describe what they see, hear and feel when outside UTW Explore the natural world around them, making observations and drawing pictures of animals and plants ELG Understand some important processes and changes in the natural world around them, including the seasons and 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> I can identify and name a variety of common wild and garden plants, including deciduous and evergreen trees I can identify and describe the basic structure of a variety of common flowering plants, including trees 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> I can observe and describe how seeds and bulbs grow into mature plants I can find out and describe how plants need water, light and a suitable temperature to grow and stay healthy 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> I can identify and describe the functions of different parts of flowering plants: roots, stem/trunk, leaves and flowers I can explore the requirements of plants for life and growth (air, light, water, nutrients from soil and room to grow) 			

		<p>changing states of matter ELG</p>			<p>and how they vary from plant to plant</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • I can investigate the way in which water is transported within plants • I can explore the part that flowers play in the life cycle of flowering plants, including pollination, seed formation and seed dispersal 			
<p>Seasonal Changes</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Talk about what they see using a wide vocabulary UTW • Use all their sense in hands-on exploration of natural materials UTW 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Understand the effect of changing seasons on the natural world around them UTW • Understand some important processes and changes in the natural world around them, including the 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • I can observe changes across the four seasons • I can observe and describe the weather associated with the seasons 					

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Talk about the differences between changes they notice UTW 	<p>seasons and changing states of matter ELG</p>	<p>and how day length varies</p>					
<p>Materials</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use all of their sense in hands-on exploration of natural materials UTW • Explore collection of materials with similar and/or different properties UTW • Talk about what they see using a wide vocabulary UTW • Talk about the differences between materials and the changes they notice UTW 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Explore the natural world around them UTW • Describe what they see, hear and feel whilst outside UTW • Understand some important processes and changes in the natural world around them, including the seasons and changing states of matter ELG 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • I can distinguish between an object and the material from which it is made • I can identify and name a variety of everyday materials, including wood, plastic, glass, metal, water and rock • I can describe simple physical properties of a variety of everyday materials • I can compare and group together a 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • I can identify and compare the suitability of everyday materials including wood, metal, plastic, glass, brick, rock, paper and cardboard for particular uses • I can find out how the shapes of solid objects made from some materials can be changed by squashing, bending, 			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • I can group together everyday materials based on evidence from comparative and fair tests, including their hardness, solubility, transparency, conductivity and response to magnets • I know that some materials will dissolve in liquid to form a solution and can describe how to recover a substance 	

			variety of everyday materials on the basis of their simple physical properties	twisting and stretching			from a solution <ul style="list-style-type: none">• I can use knowledge of solids, liquids and gases to decide how mixtures might be separated including through filtering, sieving and evaporating• I can give reasons based on evidence from comparative and fair tests for the particular uses of everyday materials including metals, woods and plastics• I can demonstrate that dissolving, mixing and changes of state are reversible changes	
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							<ul style="list-style-type: none"> I can explain that some changes result in the formation of new materials, and that this kind of change is not usually reversible, including changes associated with burning and the action of acid on bicarbonate of soda 	
Rocks					<ul style="list-style-type: none"> I can compare and group together different kinds of rocks on the basis of their appearance and simple physical properties 			

					<p>how fossils are formed when things that have lived are trapped within rocks</p> <p>I can recognise that soils are made from rocks and organic matter</p>			
Light					<ul style="list-style-type: none"> I can recognise that I need light in order to see things and that dark is the absence of light I can notice light is reflected from surfaces I can recognise that light from the sun can be dangerous and that 			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> I can recognise that light appears to travel in straight lines I can use the idea that light travels in straight lines to explain that objects are seen because they give out or reflect light into the eye

					<p>there are ways to protect my eyes</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • I can recognise that shadows are formed when the light from a light source is blocked by an opaque object • I can find patterns in the way that the size of shadows change 			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • I explain that we see things because light travels from light sources to our eyes or from light sources to objects and then to our eyes • I can use the idea that light travels in straight lines to explain why shadows have the same shape as the objects that cast them
<p>Force and Magnets</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Explore and talk about different forces they can feel <p>UTW</p>				<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • I can compare how things move on different surfaces • I can notice that some forces need contact 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • I can explain that unsupported objects fall towards the Earth because of the force of gravity acting between the Earth and the 	

					<p>between two objects, but magnetic forces can act at a distance</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">· I can observe how magnets attract or repel each other and attract some materials and not others· I can compare and group together a variety of everyday materials on the basis of whether they are attracted to a magnet, and identify		<p>falling object</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">· I can identify the effects of air resistance, water resistance and friction that act between moving surfaces· I can recognise that some mechanisms, including levers, pulleys and gears, allow a smaller force to have a greater effect	
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					<p>some magnetic materials ·</p> <p>I can describe magnets as having two poles</p> <p>· I can predict whether two magnets will attract or repel each other, depending on which poles are facing</p>			
<p>Sound</p>						<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • I can identify how sounds are made, associating some of them with something vibrating • I can recognise that vibrations from sounds travel 		

						<p>through a medium to the ear</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• I can find patterns between the pitch of a sound and features of the object that produced it· I can find patterns between the volume of a sound and the strength of the vibrations that produced it· I can recognise that sounds get fainter as the distance from the		
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						sound source increases		
States of Matter						<ul style="list-style-type: none"> I can compare and group materials together according to whether they are solids, liquids or gases I can observe that some materials look different or appear to disappear when they are heated or cooled and measure or research the temperature at which this happens in degrees Celsius 		

						<ul style="list-style-type: none">I can identify the part played by evaporation and condensation in the water cycle and associate the rate of evaporation with temperature	
Earth and Space						<ul style="list-style-type: none">I can describe the movement of the Earth and other planets in relation to the sun in the solar systemI can describe the movement of the moon in relation to the EarthI can describe the sun, Earth and moon as approximately spherical bodies	

							<ul style="list-style-type: none"> I can use the idea of Earth's rotation to explain day and night and the apparent movement of the sun across the sky 	
Electricity						<ul style="list-style-type: none"> I can identify common appliance that run on electricity I can construct a simple series circuit and name its basic parts including cells, wires, bulbs, switches and buzzers I can identify whether or not a lamp will light in a simple series circuit, based on whether or 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> I can associate the brightness of a lamp or volume of a buzzer with the number and voltage of cells used in the circuit I can compare and give reasons for variations in how component s function, including the brightness of bulbs, the loudness or buzzers and the on/off

						<p>not the lamp is part of a complete loop with a battery</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • I can recognise that switch opens and closes a circuit and associate this with whether or not a lamp lights in a simple series circuit • I can recognise some common conductors and insulators and associate metals with being good conductors 		<p>position of switches</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • I can use the recognised symbols when representing a simple circuit in a diagram
<p>Evolution and Inheritance</p>								<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • I can recognise that living things have changed over time and that fossils

								<p>provide information about living things that inhabited the Earth millions of years ago</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">· I can recognise that living things produce offspring of the same kind, but normally offspring vary and are not identical to their parents• I can identify how animals and plants are adapted to suit their environment in different ways and that adaptation may lead to evolution
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